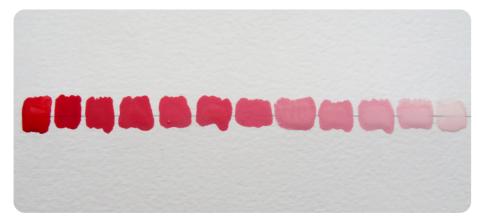
# **Colour in Landscapes**

#### **Tints**

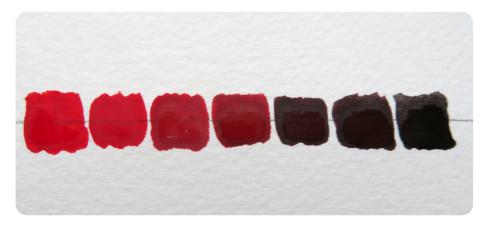
A tint is a colour mixed with white. The more white paint that is added to the original colour, the lighter the tint. A tint can range from slightly lighter than the original colour to almost white. When mixing a tint, begin with the pure colour and add white paint a tiny bit at a time.



tints of red

### **Shades**

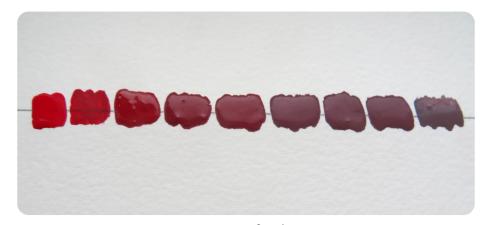
A shade is a colour mixed with black. The more black paint that is added to the original colour, the darker the shade. A shade can range from slightly darker than the original colour to nearly black. When mixing a shade, begin with the pure colour and add black paint a tiny bit at a time.



shades of red

#### **Tones**

A tone is a colour mixed with grey. Tones are less vibrant than the original colour. Using a tonal colour in a painting balances other intense colours and bright hues. When mixing a tone, begin with the pure colour and add grey paint a tiny bit at a time.



tones of red

# **Tints in landscapes**

In this painting by Pierre Auguste Renoir, a bright, soft colour palette is used with lots of tints to emphasise the effect of light.



The Piazza San Marco by Pierre Auguste Renoir, 1881

### **Shades in landscapes**

In this painting by Peter Graham, shades of green and orange are used to give the impression of wandering shadows.



Wandering Shadows by Peter Graham, 1878

# **Tones in landscapes**

In this painting by Robert Spencer, tones of blue, brown and orange are used to reflect the gritty reality of an industrial mill town.



The Evangelist by Robert Spencer, 1919

## **Glossary**

**colour palette** The range of colours used in an artwork.

landscape

The human and physical features that you can see when you look across an area of land.