### **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Romanby Primary School
Number of pupils in school	275
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	14%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3-year plans are recommended)	2021-2024
Date this statement was published	October 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2023
Statement authorised by	J. Foxwell
Pupil premium lead	E. Cable
	F. Mayhew
Governor lead	J. Dickinson

### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£48,475
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£5,508
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£53,983

## Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### **Statement of intent**

Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

We believe in maximising the use of the Pupil Premium Grant (PPG) by utilising a longterm strategy aligned to the School Improvement Plan. This enables us to implement a blend of short, medium and long-term interventions, and align pupil premium use with wider school improvements and improving readiness to learn.

We understand that needs and costs will differ depending on the barriers to learning being addressed. As such, we do not automatically allocate personal budgets per pupil in receipt of the PPG. Instead, we identify the barrier to be addressed and the interventions required, whether in small groups, large groups, the whole school or as individuals, and allocate a budget accordingly.

Setting priorities is key to maximising the use of the PPG. Our priorities are as follows:

- Ensuring high quality teaching in every class
- Closing the attainment gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers
- Providing targeted academic support for pupils who are not making the expected progress
- Addressing non-academic barriers to attainment such as attendance and behaviour
- Ensuring that the PPG reaches the pupils who need it most

### Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Not all children eligible for pupil premium funding make sufficient pro- gress in English and Maths. Internal and external (where available) as- sessments indicate that English and Maths attainment among most dis- advantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils.
2	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and well- being of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by par- tial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These find- ings are supported by national studies.
	This has resulted in significant knowledge gaps leading to pupils falling further behind age-related expectations.
3	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped language and communication skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident from Reception through to KS2
4	Our observations and discussions with pupils and families have identi- fied a limited or a lack of access to technology and educational materi- als for many pupils.
5	Our attendance data indicates a variable pattern of attendance for dis- advantaged children (including lateness) which affects their learning and readiness to learn.

### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved reading attainment among disad- vantaged pupils	Phonics Screening and end of KS1 and KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that more disadvantaged pupils have met the expected standard.
Improved maths attainment for disadvan- taged pupils at the end of KS2	End of KS1 and KS2 Maths outcomes and Y4 multiplication check in 2024/25 show that more disadvantaged pupils have met the expected standard.
Improved language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved language among

	disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in les- sons, book scrutiny and ongoing forma- tive assessment.
To achieve and sustain improved attend- ance for all our disadvantaged pupils.	The attendance gap between disadvan- taged pupils and their non-disadvantaged peers has been reduced.
Children have improved access to technol- ogy and educational materials	Children deepen their knowledge, under- standing and skills across a broad and bal- anced curriculum.

### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

#### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £2000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Professional development opportunities to support teachers/TA's with a particular emphasis on English and Maths	Embed Talk for Writing effectively. Staff use evidence-based whole-class teaching interventions to support learning. The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence.	1,2
Embed a DfE validated Systematic Synthetic Phonics programme to secure stronger phonics teaching for all pupils. All staff have received training to deliver the ELS phonics scheme.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils.	3
Enhancement of our maths teaching and planning with the Maths Hub Sustaining Mastery TRG We will fund teacher release time to embed	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, draw- ing on evidence-based approaches. The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence.	1,2

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £48000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Structured interventions: Introducing vocabulary interventions for children with poor language and communication skills Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further phonics support.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks e.g. additional EYFS TA support	3,
Small group tuition: Introducing targeted English and Maths teaching for pupils who are not on track for age-related expectations	Purchase additional Chromebooks for use in KS2 classes to supplement existing provision and provide access to support software e.g. EdShed mini- assessments to create revision journals for the children to work in Target Time. Technology has the potential to increase the quality and quantity of practice that pupils undertake, both inside and outside of the classroom. Using technology to support retrieval practice and self-quizzing can increase retention of key ideas and knowledge Teacher and TA support in lessons. Providing feedback is well-evidenced and has a high impact on learning outcomes. Effective feedback tends to focus on the task, subject and self- regulation strategies: it provides specific information on how to improve	1,2,4
One-to-one support for disadvantaged pupils:	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective	1,2

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Creating additional	method to support low attaining pupils	
teaching and learning	or those falling behind, both one-to-one:	
opportunities using	One to one tuition   EEF	
TA's/Tutors.	(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	
Engaging with the	And in small groups:	
National Tutoring	Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand	
Programme to	Education Endowment Foundation	
provide a blend of	EEF	
tuition, mentoring and	1:1 Tuition for children in English or	
school-led tutoring for	Maths for children in Y5/6 (15 hr. block)	
pupils whose		
education has been		
most impacted by the		
pandemic. A		
significant proportion		
of the pupils who		
receive tutoring will		
be disadvantaged,		
including those who		
are high attainers.		

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £4000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Support for educational visits	Children engage with a broad and balanced curriculum through participation in activities that they otherwise might not be able to access. Visits also support children to develop non-cognitive skills such as resilience, self-confidence and motivation.	4
Engage the families facing most challenges Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's <u>Improving School</u> <u>Attendance</u> advice.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence. Regular communication with families via Marvellous Me and targeted contact with staff.	5
Contingency fund for acute issues.	Based on our experiences and those of similar schools to ours, we have identified a need to set a small amount of funding aside to respond	All

duickly to needs that have not yet been identified.	quickly to needs that have not yet been identified.
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### Total budgeted cost: £54,000

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2021 to 2022. We have used standardised teacher administered tests or diagnostic assessments and our own monitoring activities to evaluate the progress made last year.

As evidenced in schools across the country, school closures and the Covid-19 impact was detrimental to many of our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree we had intended. The impact was mitigated by our resolution to maintain a high-quality curriculum, including during periods of partial closure. We have constructed a curriculum based around the Cornerstones Curriculum which provides materials that are ambitious and designed to give children, particularly the most disadvantaged, the knowledge, self-belief and cultural capital they need to succeed in life.

Analysis of pupils who are supported by Pupil Premium funding shows that achievement is rising and the gap between non-pupil premium children is closing. However, there is still more work to do. The pattern across year groups is variable. This is even more so if you remove the children eligible for Pupil Premium funding who also have SEN.

Our assessments and observations indicated that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were also impacted last year, primarily due to COVID-19-related issues. The impact was particularly acute for disadvantaged pupils. We used pupil premium funding to provide wellbeing support for all pupils, and targeted interventions where required. Feedback from children as part of the United Against Bullying silver award, Gold Healthy School Award and the Growing Up in North Yorkshire Survey demonstrates that they have a very positive view of school life and are developing skills for the next stage of their school life but that there are still gaps in their knowledge. We are addressing these areas with the activities detailed in this plan.

### **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
None	

# Service pupil premium funding (optional)

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	Support for children to attend educational visits, support with wellbeing activities in school, participation in the Festival of Friends project.
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	Our small cohort of service children were able to engage with other children from service backgrounds and see the range of opportunities on offer to them.

# **Further information**

Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium. That will include:

- embedding more effective practice around feedback. <u>EEF evidence</u> demonstrates this has significant benefits for pupils, particularly disadvantaged pupils.
- utilising a <u>DfE grant to train a senior mental health lead</u>. The training we have selected will focus on the training needs identified through the online tool: to develop our understanding of our pupils' needs, give pupils a voice in how we address wellbeing, and support more effective collaboration with parents.
- offering a wide range of high-quality extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration. Activities will focus on building life skills such as confidence, resilience, and socialising. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate.

We triangulated evidence from multiple sources of data including assessments, engagement in class book scrutiny, conversations with parents, students and teachers in order to identify the challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils.

We looked at a number of reports, studies and research papers about effective use of pupil premium, the impact of disadvantage on education outcomes and how to address challenges to learning presented by socio-economic disadvantage. We also looked at studies about the impact of the pandemic on disadvantaged pupils.

We used the <u>EEF's implementation guidance</u> to help us develop our strategy, particularly the 'explore' phase to help us diagnose specific pupil needs and work out which activities and approaches are likely to work in our school. We will continue to use it through the implementation of activities.

We have put a robust evaluation framework in place for the duration of our three-year approach and will adjust our plan over time to secure better outcomes for pupils.